

CSR Studies at Diamond

Preliminary!

Richard P. Walker, on behalf of:

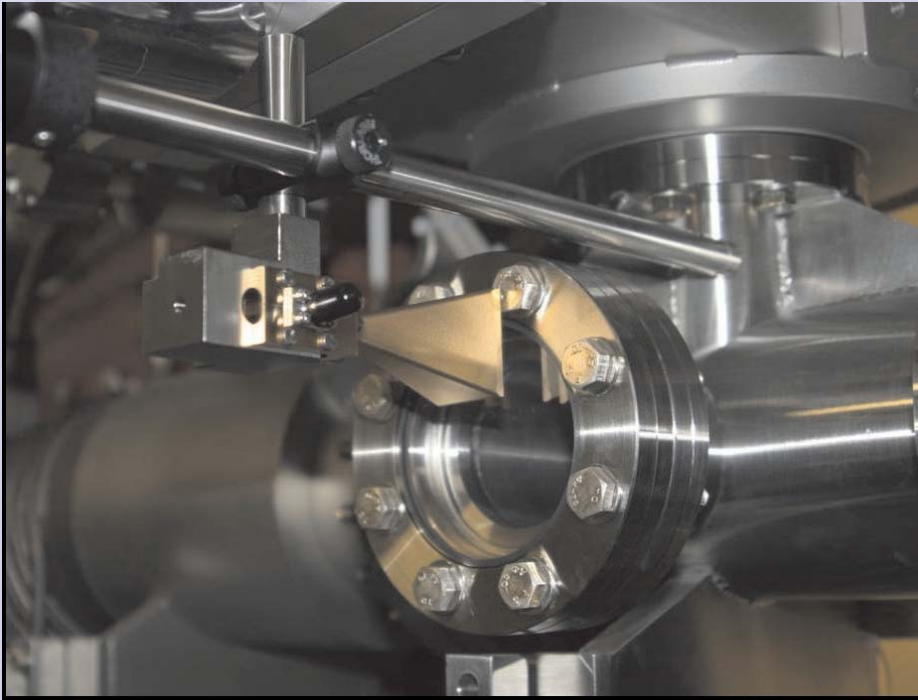
R. Bartolini^{1,2}, G. Cinque¹, P. Karataev², I. Martin^{1,2}, G. Rehm¹, C. Thomas¹

¹Diamond Light Source, ²John Adams Institute

- 1. mm-wave measurements - steady state**
- 2. mm-wave measurements - bursting**
- 3. sub-mm/FIR/THz measurements**

Ultra-fast mm-wave Detector

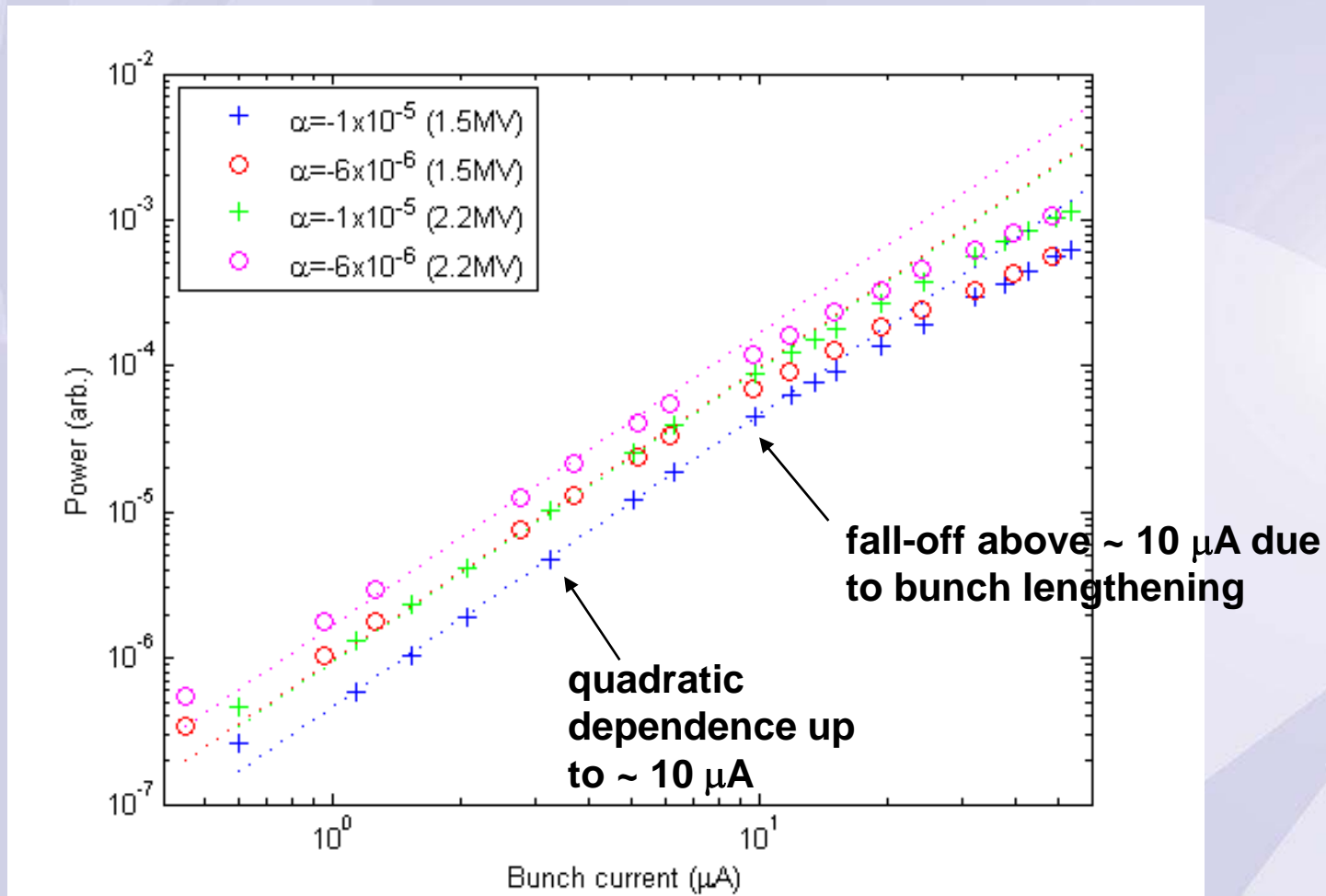
- collaboration with P. Karataev, John Adams Institute (Royal Holloway)



Frequency range	60 – 90 GHz
Wavelength range	3.3 – 5 mm
Frequency response	~ 250 ps

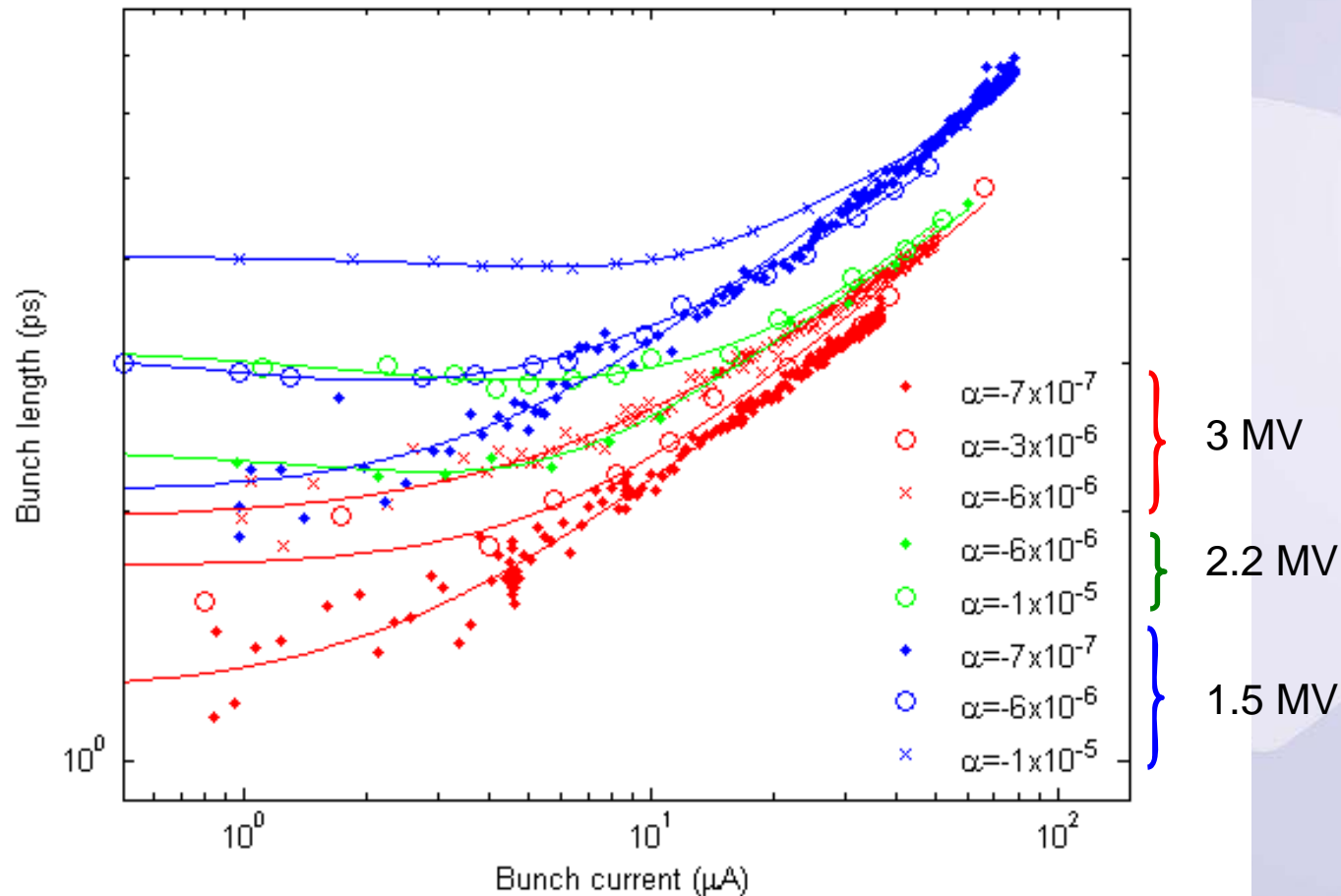
G. Rehm et al., “Ultra-fast mm-Wave Detectors for Observation of Microbunching Instabilities in the Diamond Storage Ring”, Proc. DIPAC 2009

Measured mm-wave power in low-alpha mode at different RF voltages – steady state:

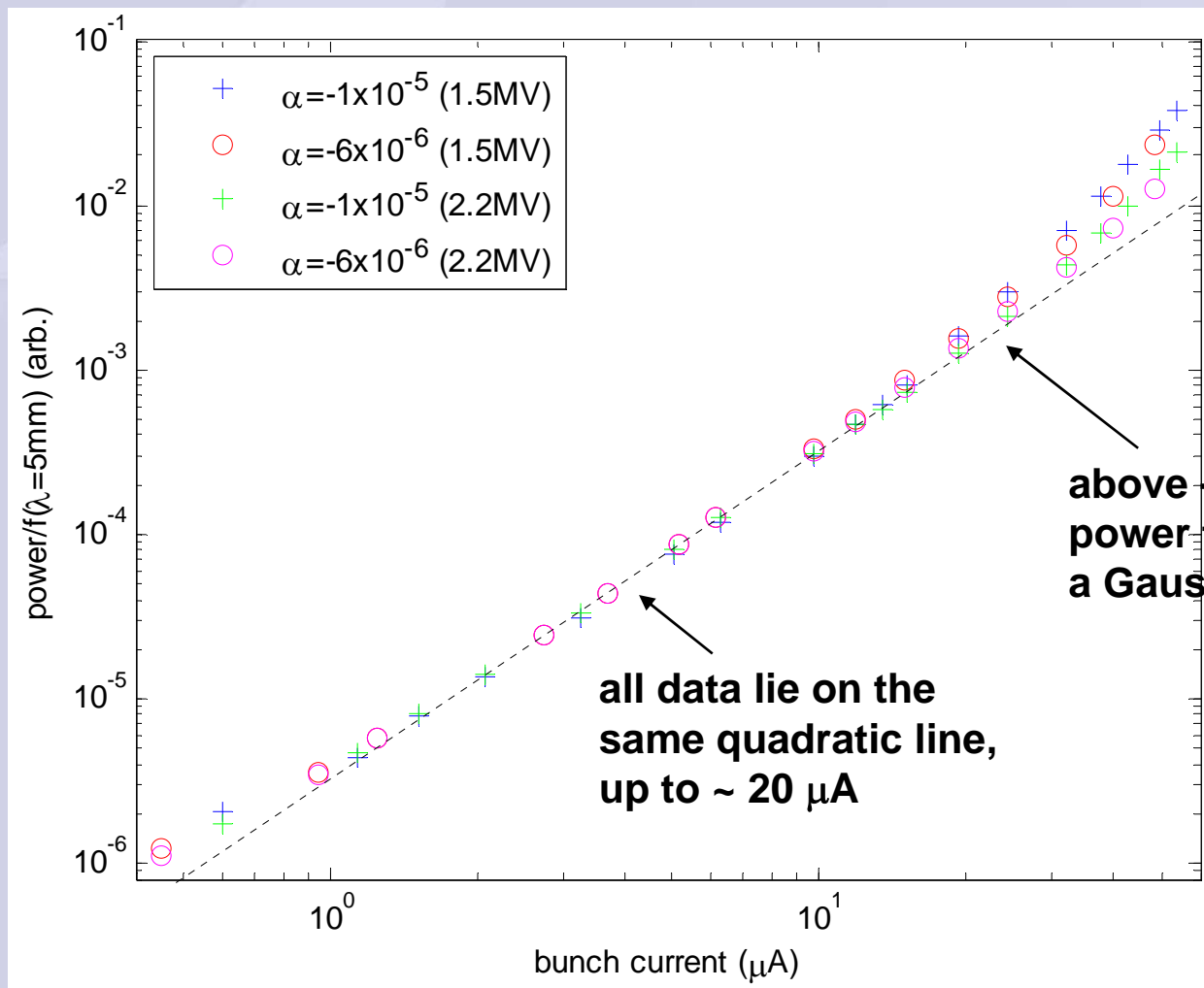


I.P.S. Martin et al., "Low Alpha Operation of the Diamond Storage Ring", Proc. IPAC'10

Measured rms bunch-length (streak camera) in low-alpha mode at different RF voltages:



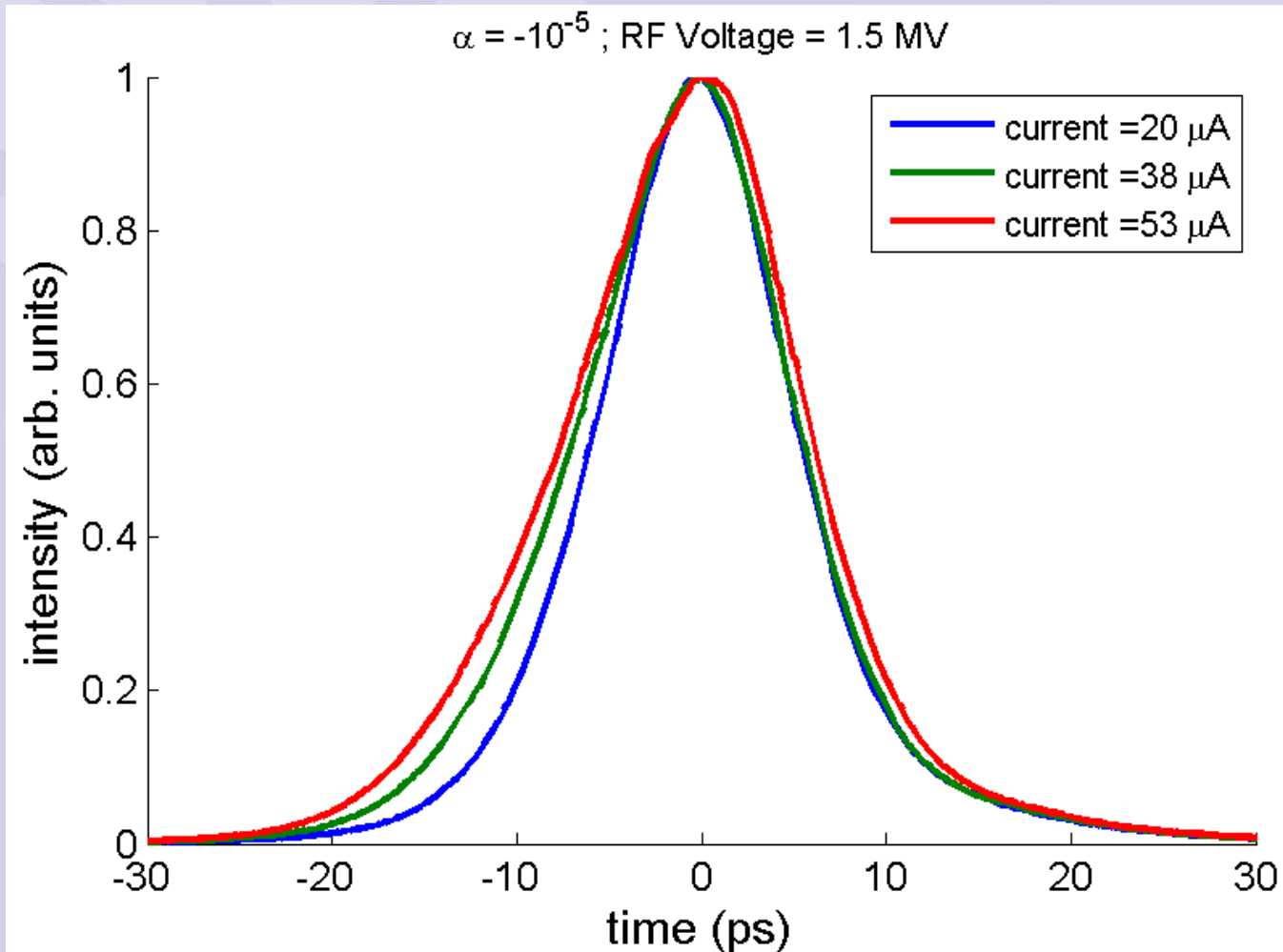
Measured mm-wave power normalised by the calculated form factor at $\lambda=5$ mm, using measured rms bunch length, assuming Gaussian shaped):



above $20 \mu\text{A}$ see *more* power than expected for a Gaussian bunch

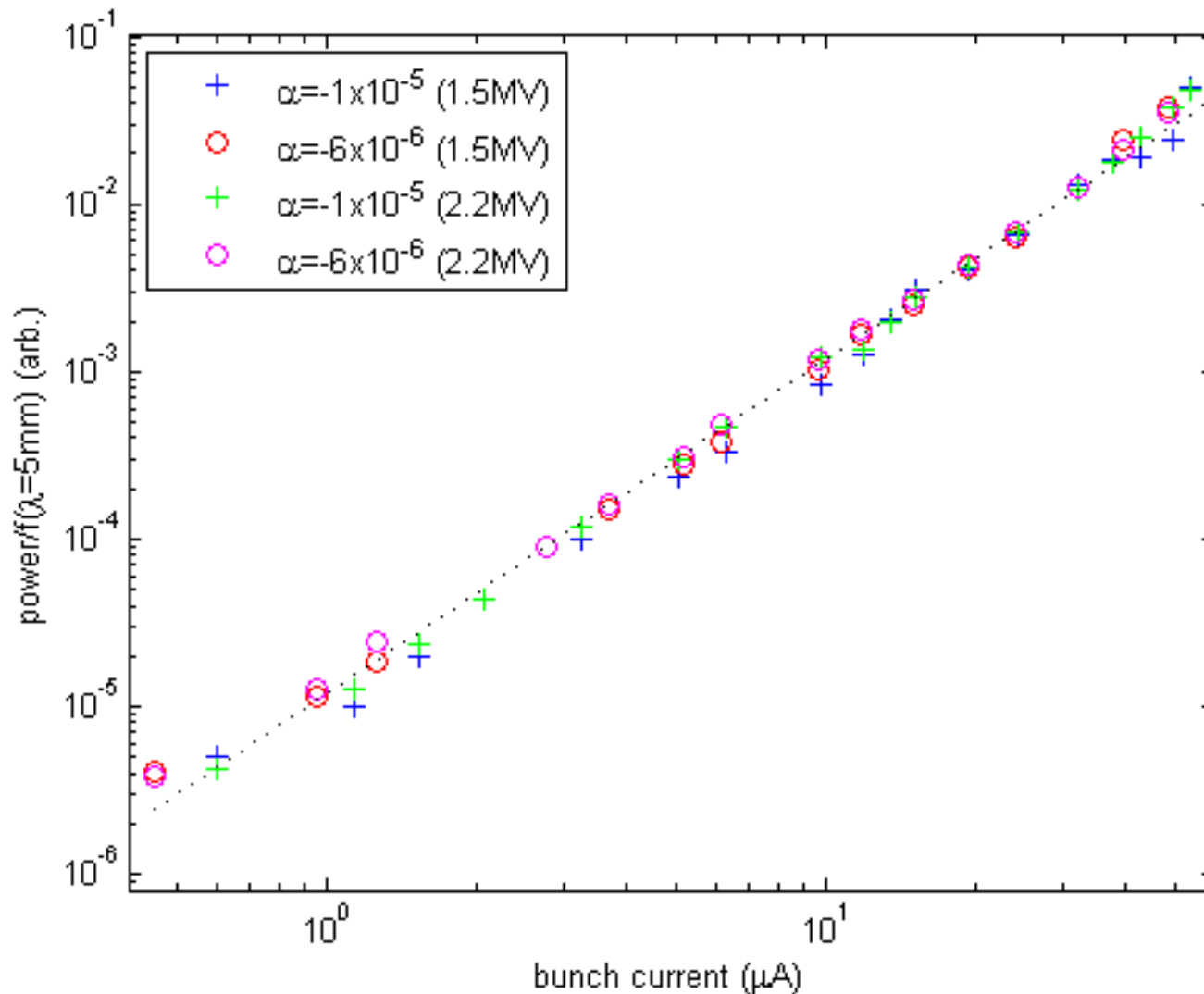
all data lie on the same quadratic line, up to $\sim 20 \mu\text{A}$

due to bunch shape ?



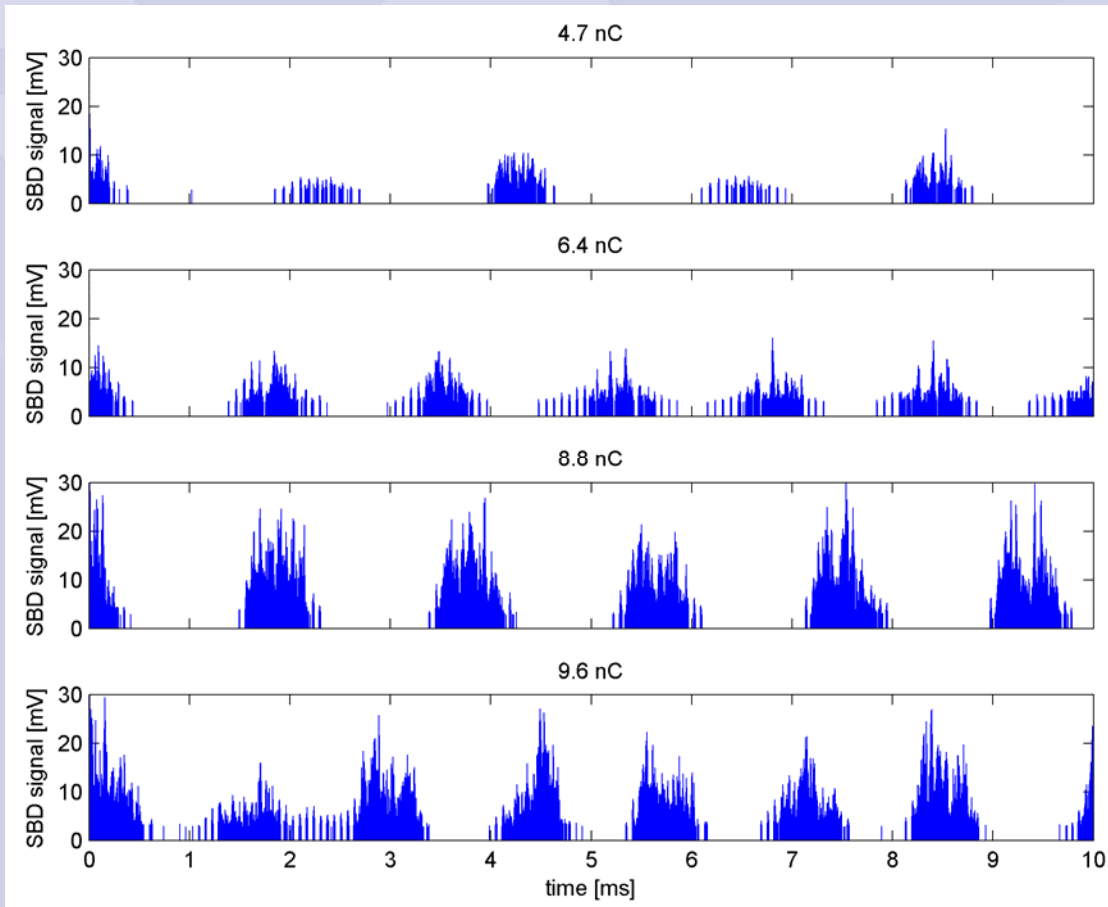
**not very obvious,
but the form factor
is actually
decreasing more
slowly than for a
Gaussian of the
same width, so ...**

.. when include the numerically calculated form factor ($\lambda=5$ mm) get much better agreement:



Mm-wave Measurements - Bursting Mode

Normal alpha ($1.7 \cdot 10^{-4}$)



threshold = 3.6 nC (1.9 mA)

bunch length = 26 ps

nat'l bunch length = 11 ps

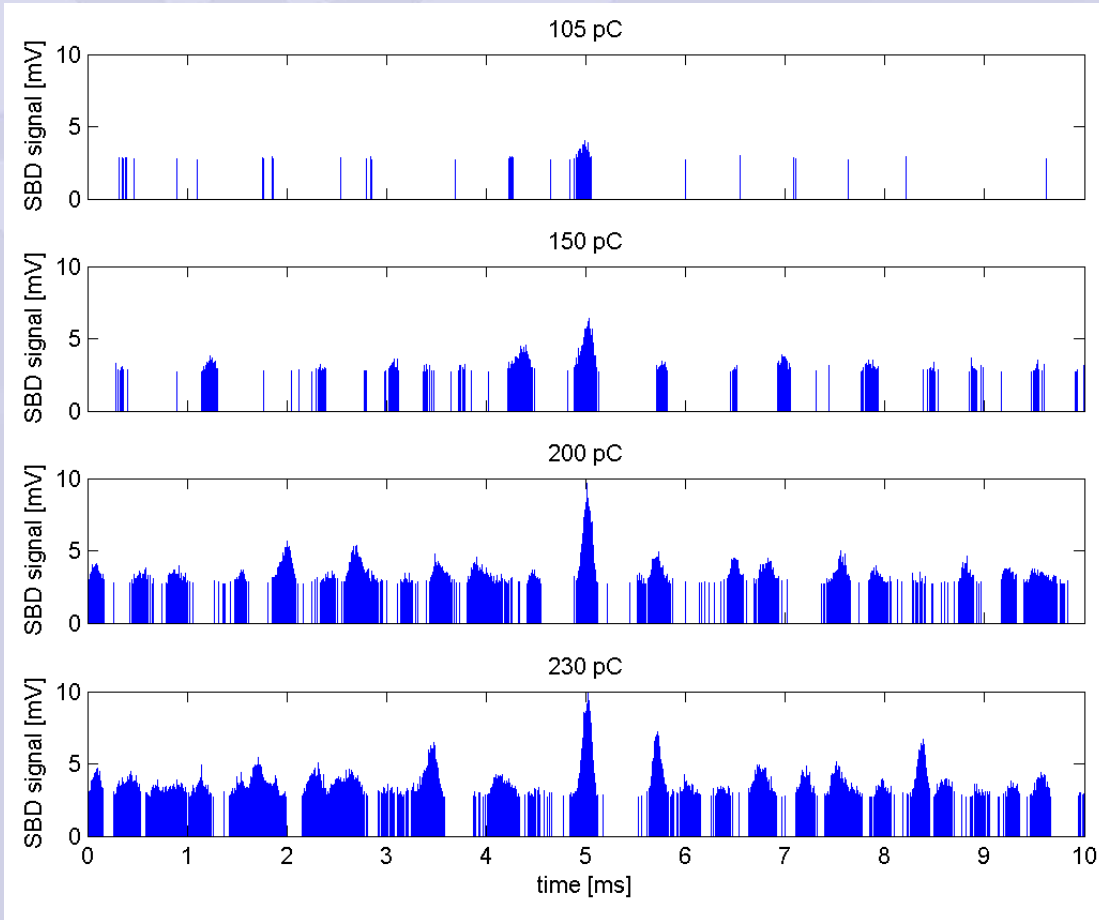
**calculated threshold for
 $\lambda = 5 \text{ mm}$, $\sigma = 26 \text{ ps}$**

= 1.85 mA

***good agreement, using the
actual bunch length***

**(calculated threshold = 1 mA
for $\lambda = 3.3 \text{ mm}$, $\sigma = 11 \text{ ps}$)**

Low alpha ($-1 \cdot 10^{-6}$)



threshold < 100 pC ($53 \mu\text{A}$)
- insufficient sensitivity

bunch length ~ 3 ps

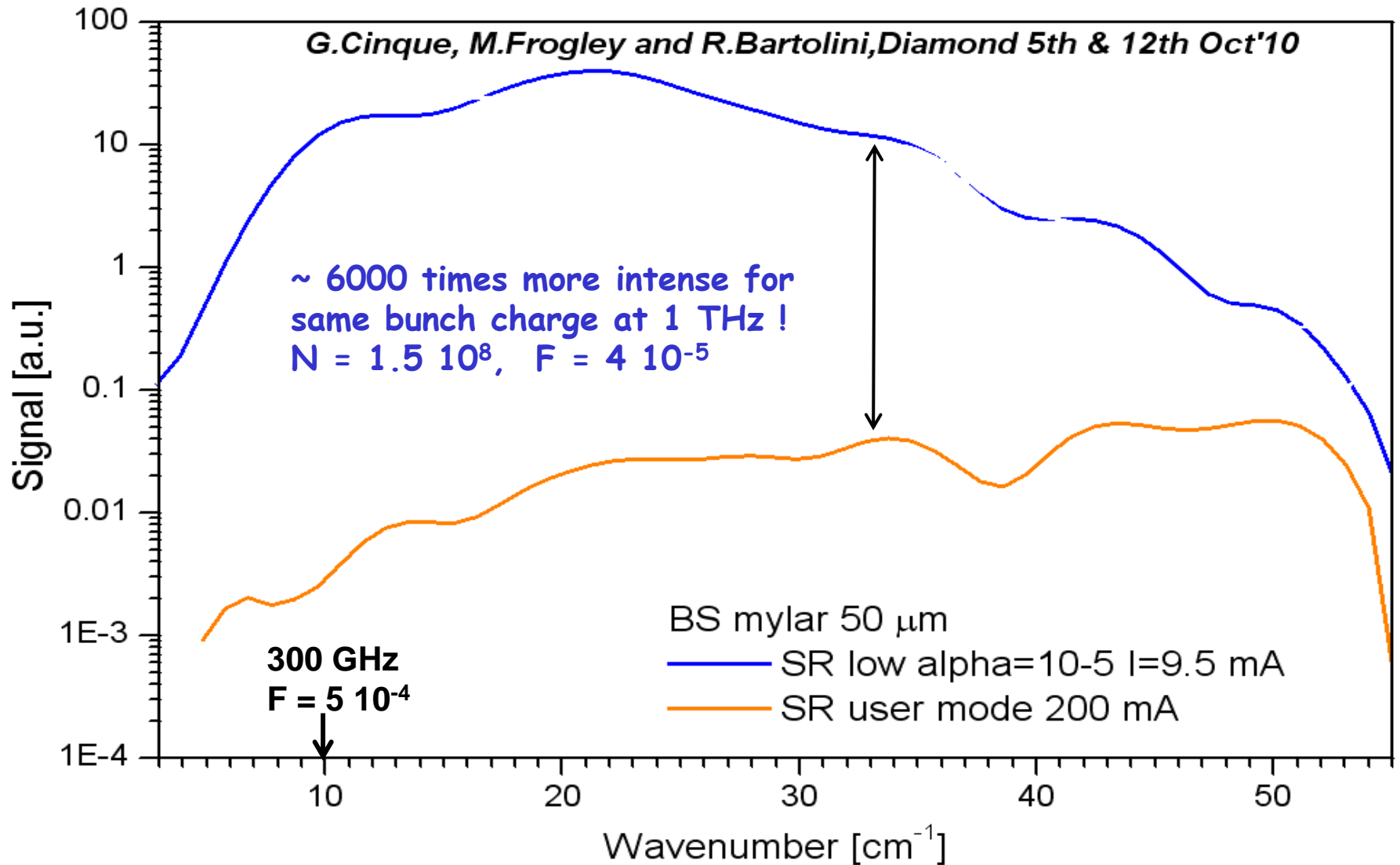
nat'l bunch length = 1 ps

calculated threshold for
 $\lambda = 5$ mm, $\sigma = 3$ ps

$\sim 2 \mu\text{A}$?!

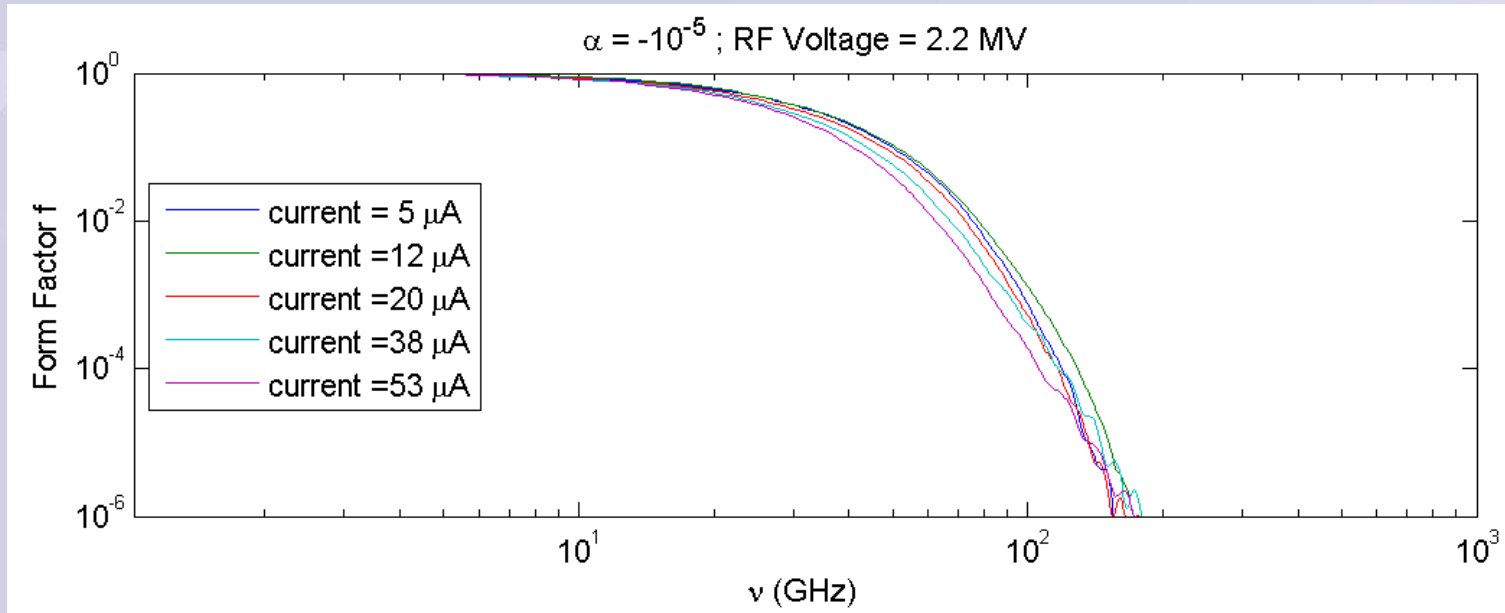
Far-IR/THz Measurements at B22

$\alpha \sim 5 \cdot 10^{-6}$, $I \sim 10$ mA, 800 bunches, $12.5 \mu\text{A}/\text{bunch}$



Why ?!

- too short a wavelength for coherent emission of the whole bunch, even if slightly non-Gaussian



- bursting ? (detectors not sensitive enough to detect bursting at this current, but is above theoretical threshold at $\lambda=5\text{mm}$, not $\lambda=1\text{mm}$)
- higher frequency micro-structure, even if not above bursting threshold ??